Radiance



Radiance sensors are easy to identify because they do not typically have a diffuser (**Figure 1**). In our systems, filtered photodetectors are positioned at the bottom of individual Gershun-style tubes, which restricts the field-of-view to the desired solid angle. Radiance is typically a bbreviated with the symbol *L*.

Different colored filters select the spectral regions of interest. Narrowband ("monochromatic") sensors are equipped with filters that restrict the spectral response to a narrow region, typically 10 nm <u>FWHM</u> (**Figure 2**). An example of a broadband radiance detector is the natural fluorescence detector (abbreviated LuChI) patented by Biospherical Instruments and used in <u>Natural Fluorometers</u>

. To collect as many fluoresced photons as possible, an LuChl detector approximates the emission spectrum of chlorophyll.

Radiance



